







Without access to family planning, many young women in Kabale District experience unplanned pregnancies.



16% of women ages 15-19 have begun childbearing.

Girls who stay in school longer are less likely to become pregnant early.

#### TEENAGE GIRLS WHO HAVE BEGUN CHILDBEARING

No education Primary Secondary More than school school school school schooling



Health care providers who receive youth-friendly service training treat young people with respect and support their needs. Young people become more comfortable seeking services and more likely to access family planning.

# IF PROVIDERS WERE TRAINED...



With greater access to anning more young people in Kabale strict can avoic unplanned pregnancies, stay in school longer, and contribute more to the economy as adults.

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Decisionmakers have a responsibility to ensure that all health services in Kabale **District are** youth-friendly.

#### — DECISIONMAKERS SHOULD: —

Prioritize funding for public-sector health care providers' training on youth-friendly services in the 2020-2021 district budget.

#### — DECISIONMAKERS SHOULD: —

Include youth-friendly services training in health care providers' existing refresher trainings.

### - DECISIONMAKERS SHOULD: ——

Educate communities on the importance of making health facilities youth-friendly.

Population Reference Bureau and the International Youth Alliance for Family Planning, "Empowering Evidence-Driven Advocacy Among Youth Ages 15 to 24 in Kampala, Kabale, and Mayuge Districts," unpublished research, October-November 2018.

## SOURCES

Uganda Bureau of Statistics (UBOS) and ICF, Uganda Demographic and Health Survey 2016 (Kampala, Uganda and Rockville, MD: UBOS and ICF, 2018).



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